

System Development for String Analysis During Operation S.A.F.E. Clinics

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OPERATION S.A.F.E.



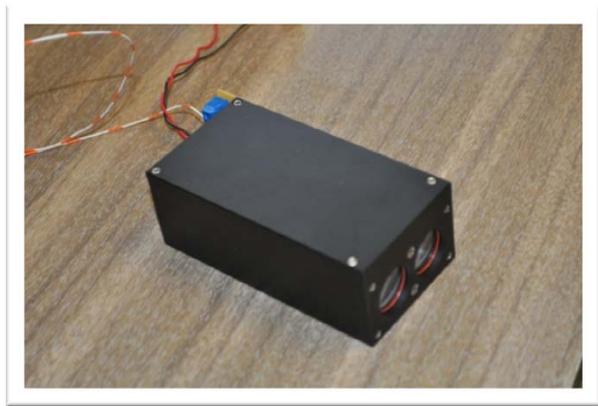
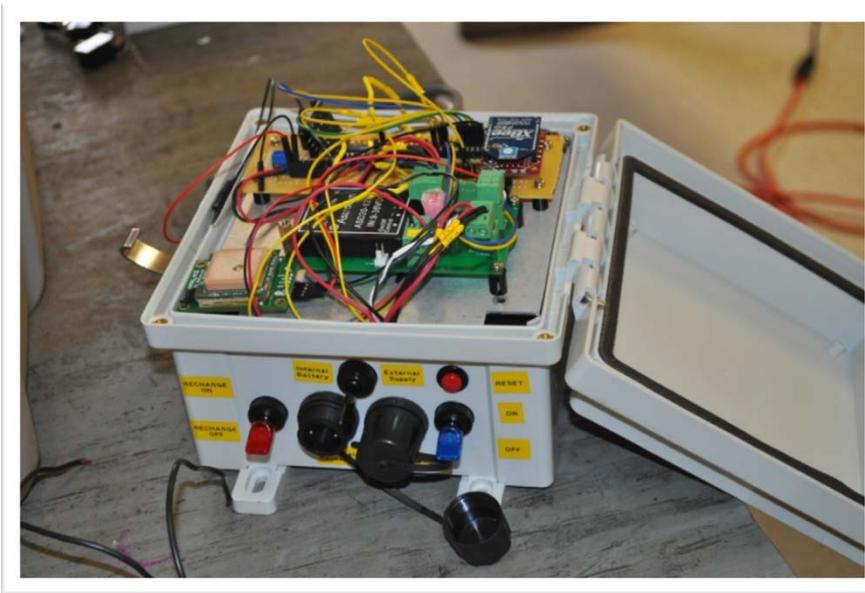
- Fly-ins or clinics are offered nationwide
- Comprehensive program which provides:
 - Education
 - Equipment performance analysis & Recommendations
 - Help pilots fine-tune sprayer equipment
 - Find best combination of swath width and spray method (back/forth, racetrack)
- Several people involved during the fly-in
 - Speed
 - Height
 - Weather
 - String Deposition
 - Other tasks

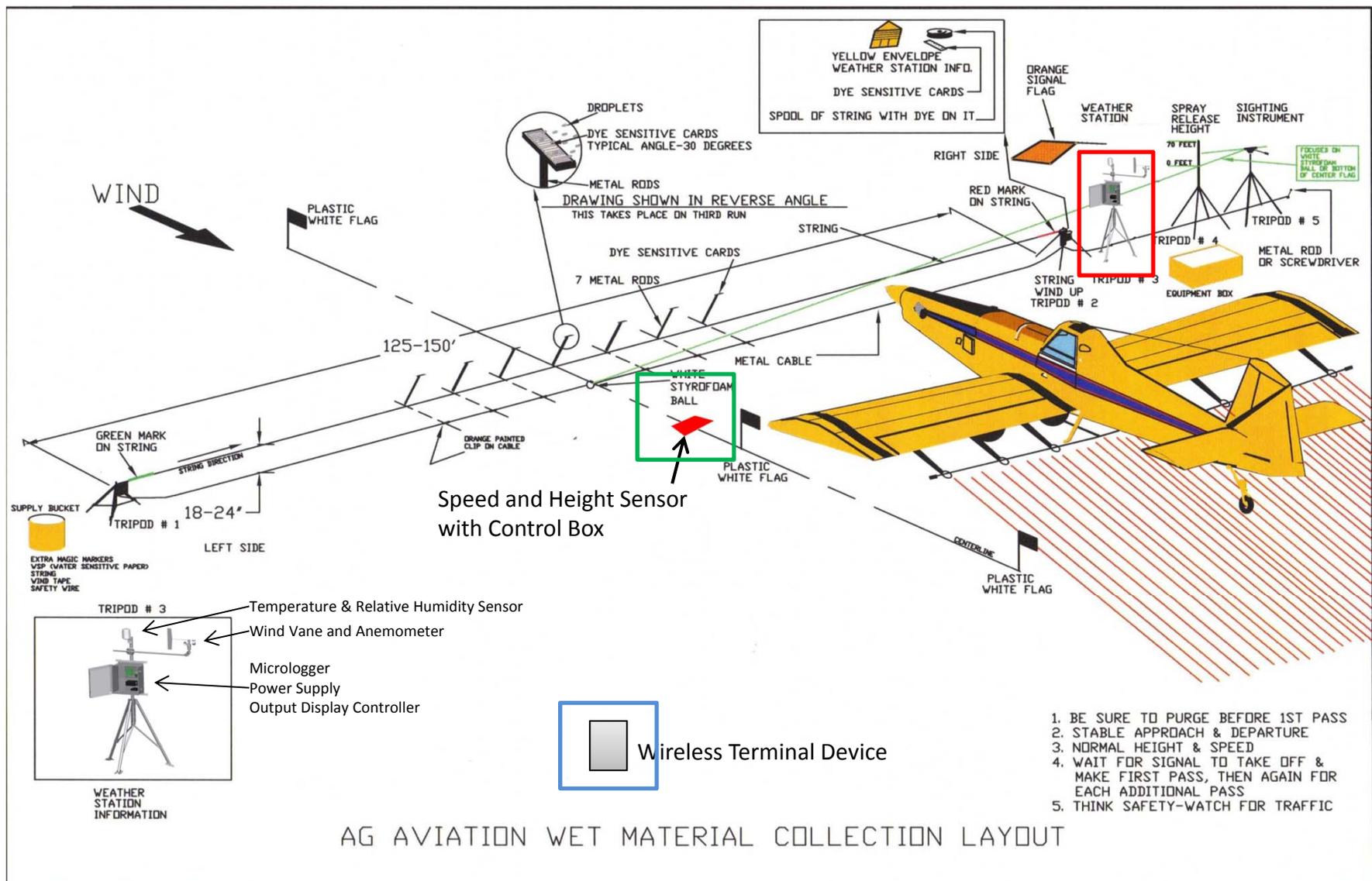
Problems

- On-hand personnel:
- Experience Level
- Equipment
 - Precise timing
 - Difficult to maintain
 - Constant adjustments

Objectives

- Integrated system to automate measurements
 - Aircraft spray release height
 - Aircraft speed
 - Weather Station
- New string analysis system platform
- Record all measurements





In Field Data Collection



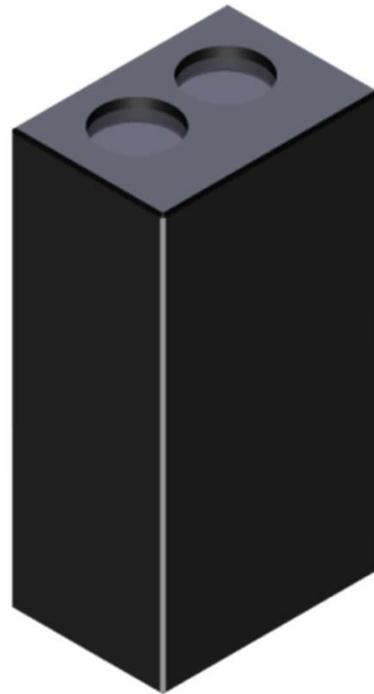
Aircraft Traveling 142 MPH
(208 Feet/Second)

- Speed Measurement
 - Approximately 1000 Feet to obtain a lock
 - ~5 seconds to acquire 1 reading.
- Height Measurement
 - Approximately 100 Feet to obtain a sight.
 - Less than 1/10 second
 - Locate aircraft in scope
 - Align sight, aircraft spray boom and graduated scale
 - Determine height
- Weather Information
 - Several seconds to retrieve information from weather station then document it
 - Difficult to record weather events that occurred the instant aircraft fly's passed string.

Automated Sensors



Stalker Stationary Speed Sensor

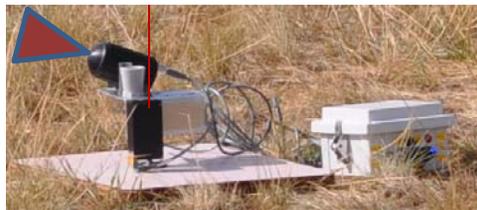
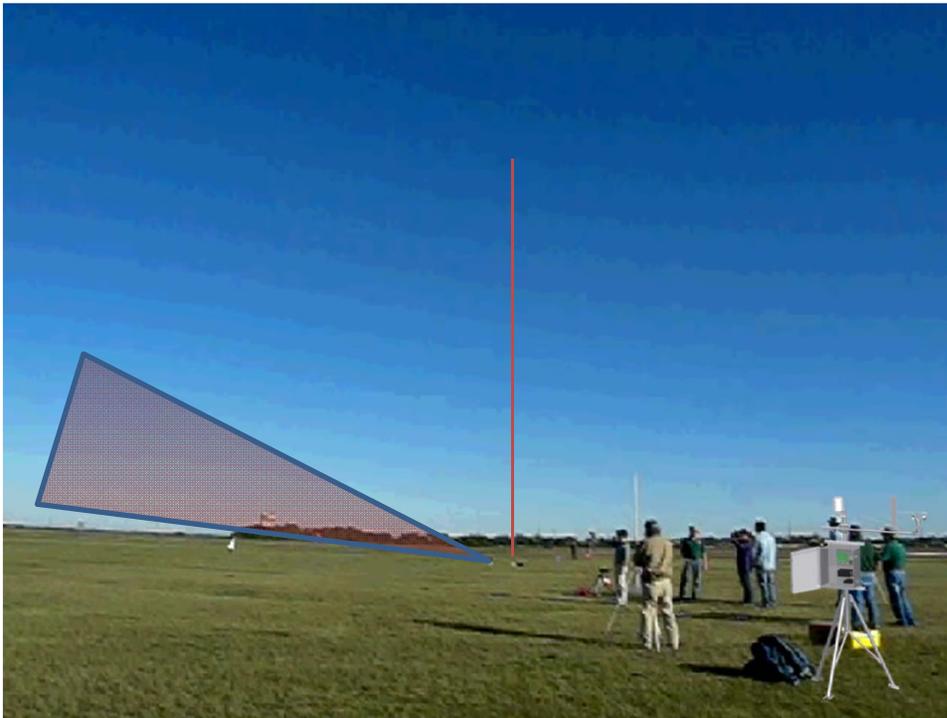


MDL Distance Sensor



Automated Weather Station

Automated Data Collection



Aircraft Speed: 128 MPH

Aircraft Height: 15 Ft

Wind Speed: 1.4 MPH

Wind Direction: 66°ENE

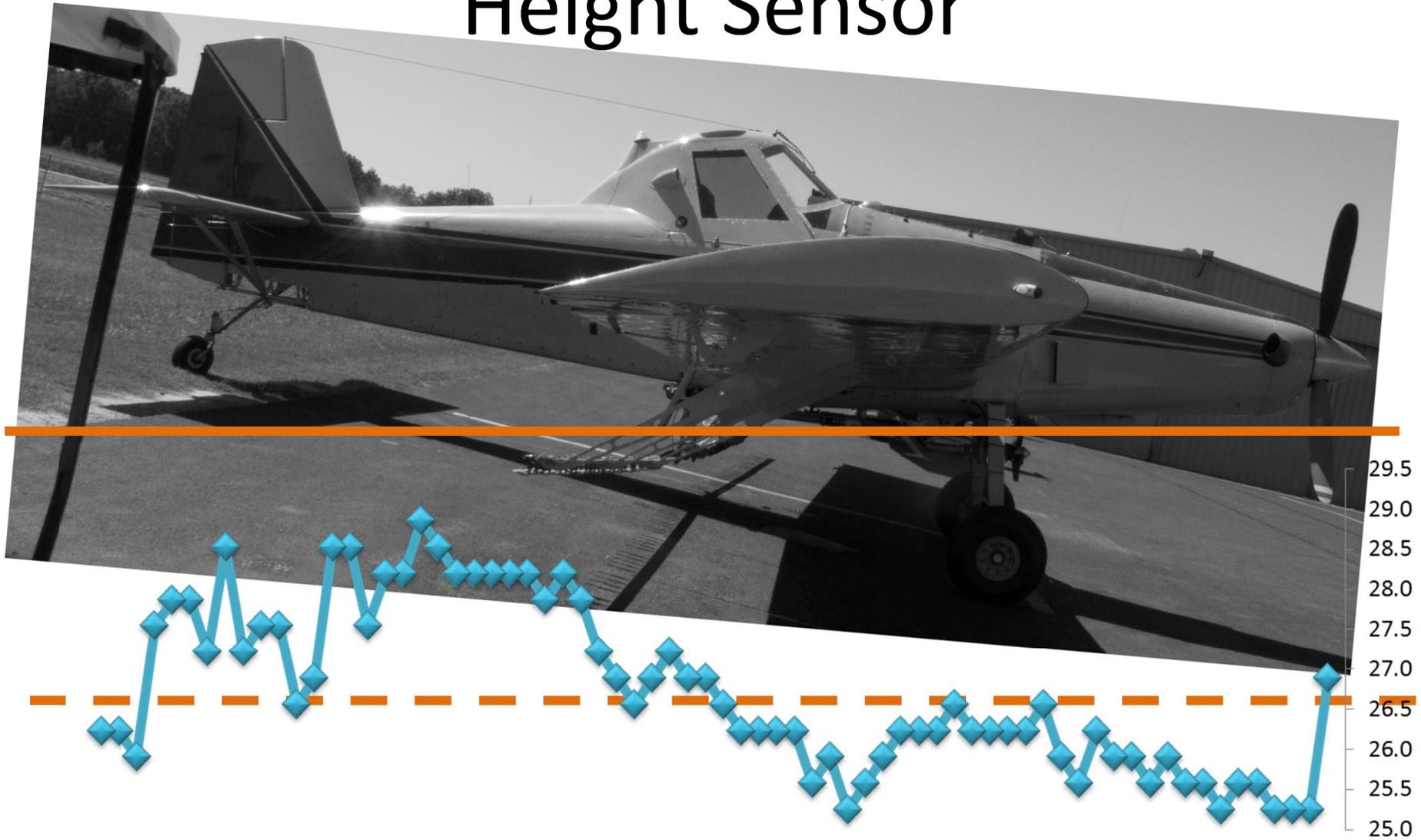
Temperature: 63.7 °F

Humidity: 60 %

Speed Sensor Comparison

Aircraft # - Pass	Manual Sensor (MPH)	Automated Sensor (MPH)
Aircraft 1 – A	142	141
Aircraft 1 – B	134	134
Aircraft 2 – B	128	128
Aircraft 2 – C	130	128
Aircraft 3 – A	137	137
Aircraft 3 – B	139	139

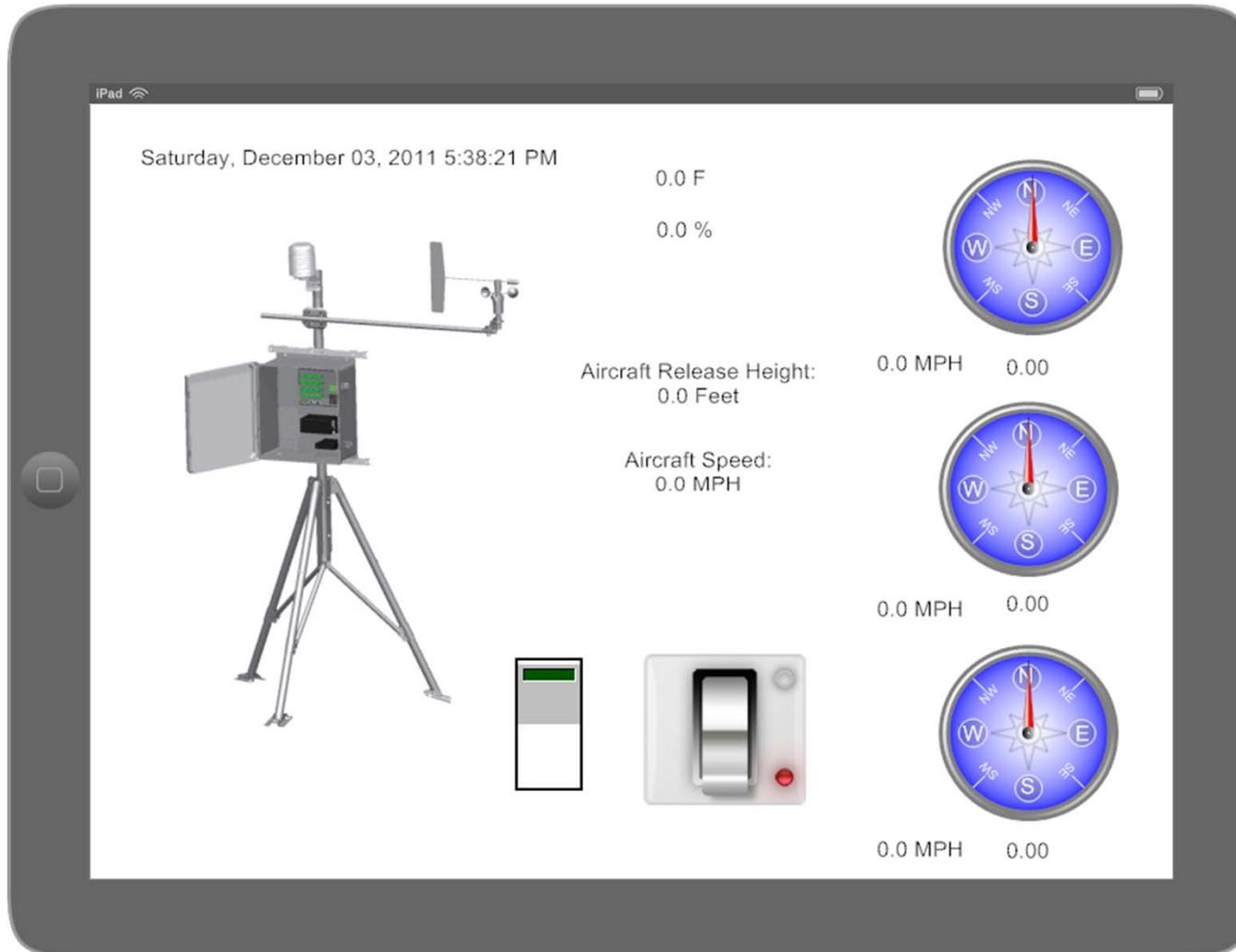
Height Sensor



Height Sensor Comparison

Aircraft # - Pass	Manual Sensor (Feet)	Automated Sensor (Feet)
Aircraft 1 – B	25	25.3
Aircraft 1 – C	20	20.0
Aircraft 2 – A	15	21.0
Aircraft 2 – C	14	14.1
Aircraft 3 – A	25	24.0
Aircraft 3 - B	18	15.1

Wireless Terminal Interface



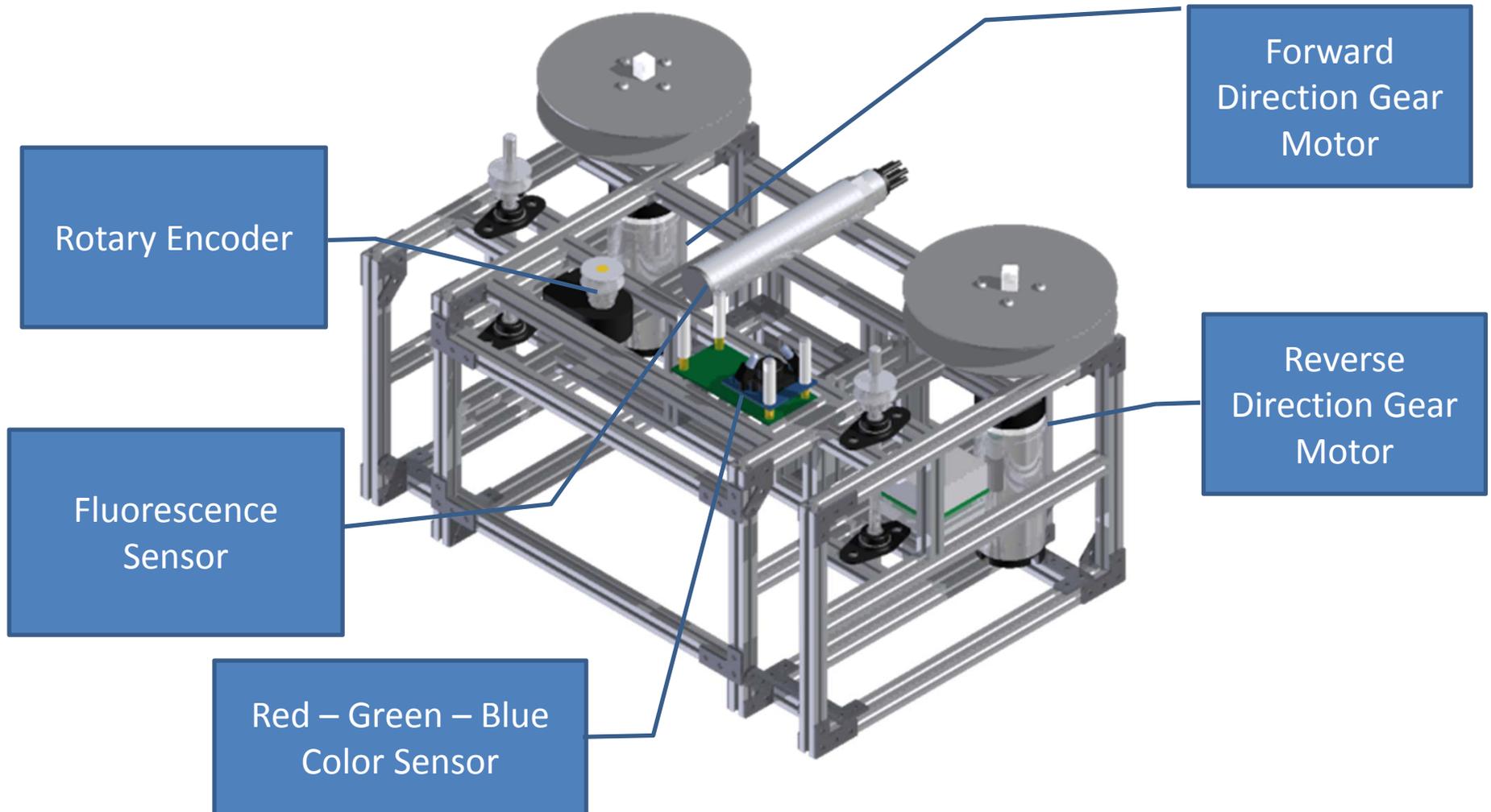
String Analysis Machine (Currently Used Model)



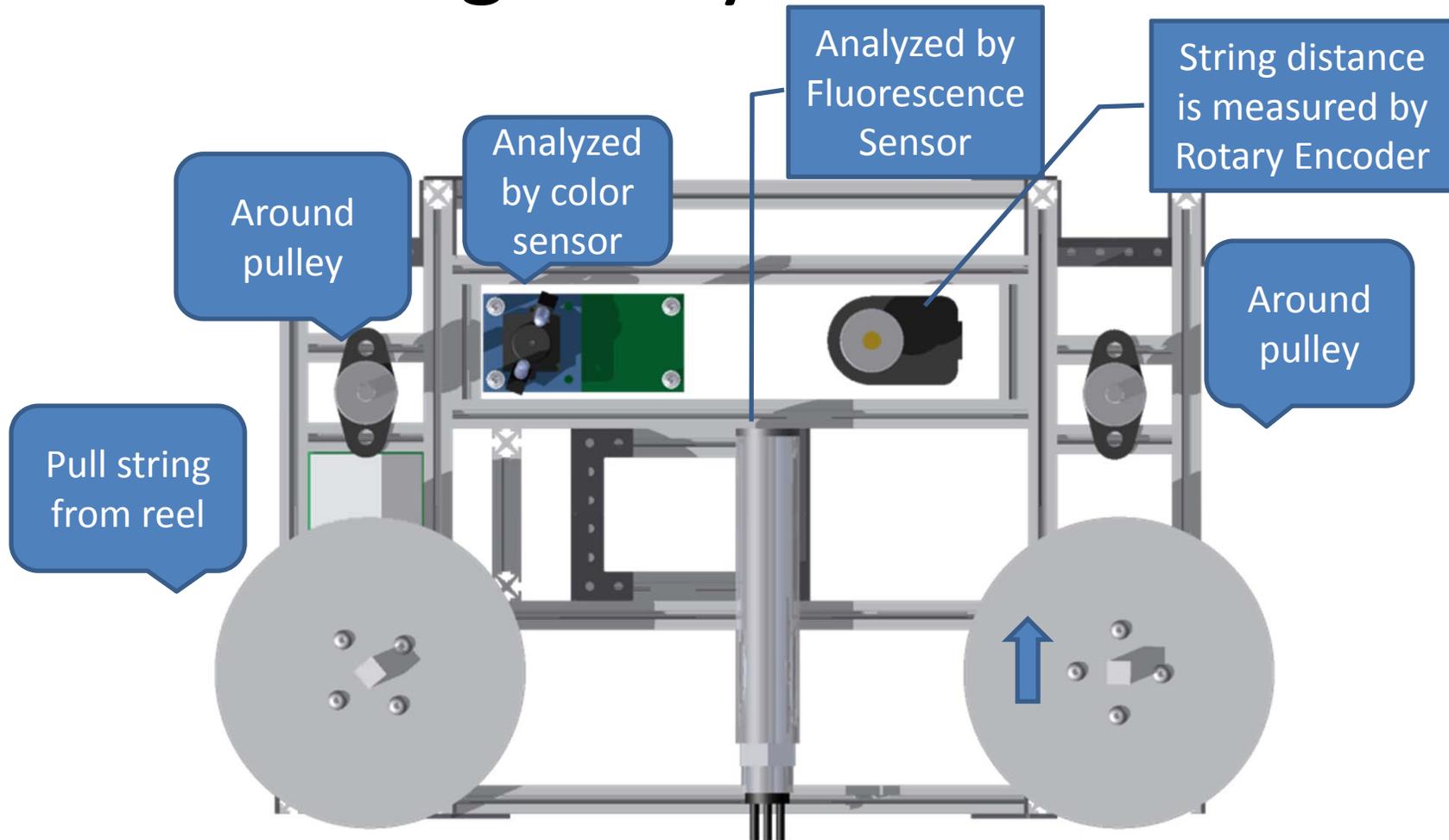
*WRK String Analysis Door &
Model 111 Turner Fluorometer*

Image from SAFE2009 Manual "Chapter 9, Equipment and Supplies" document.

String Analysis Machine (New Prototype Model)

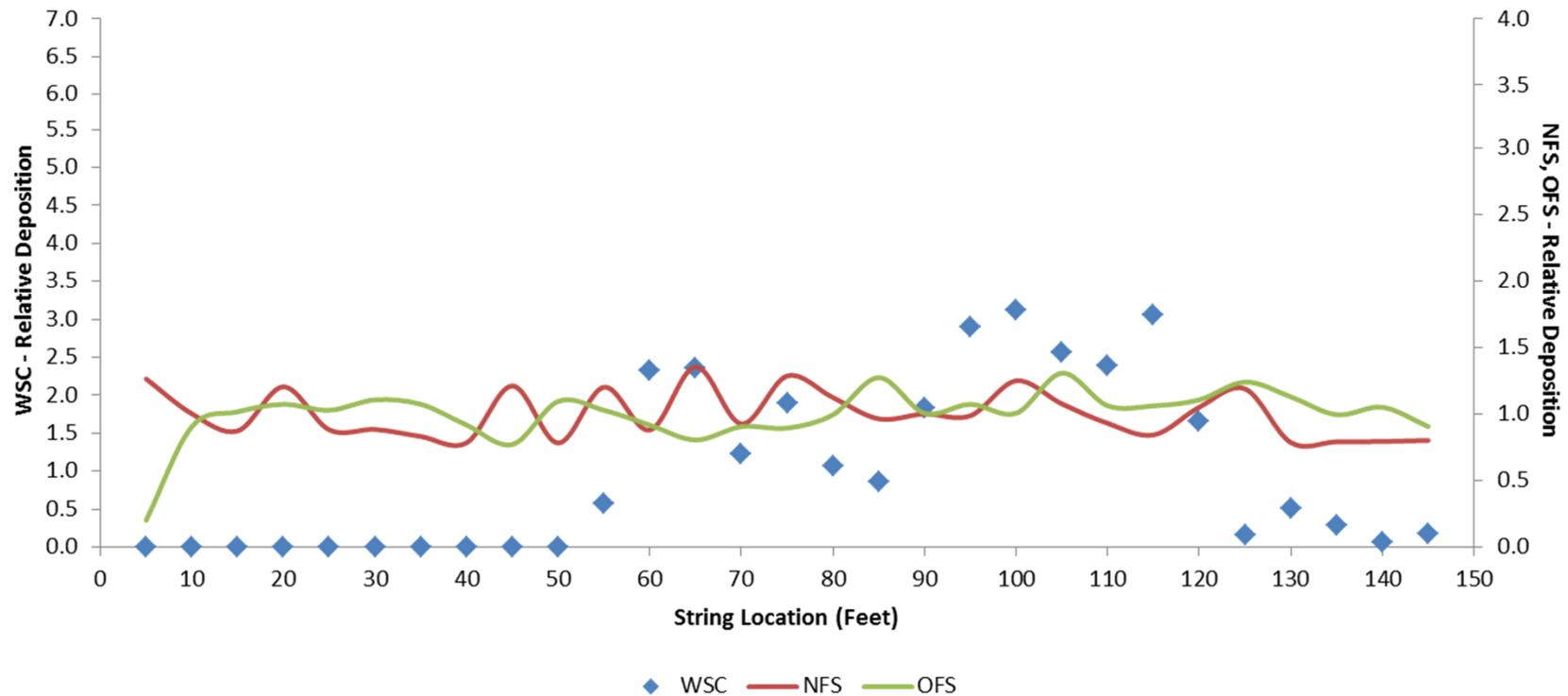


String Analysis Machine



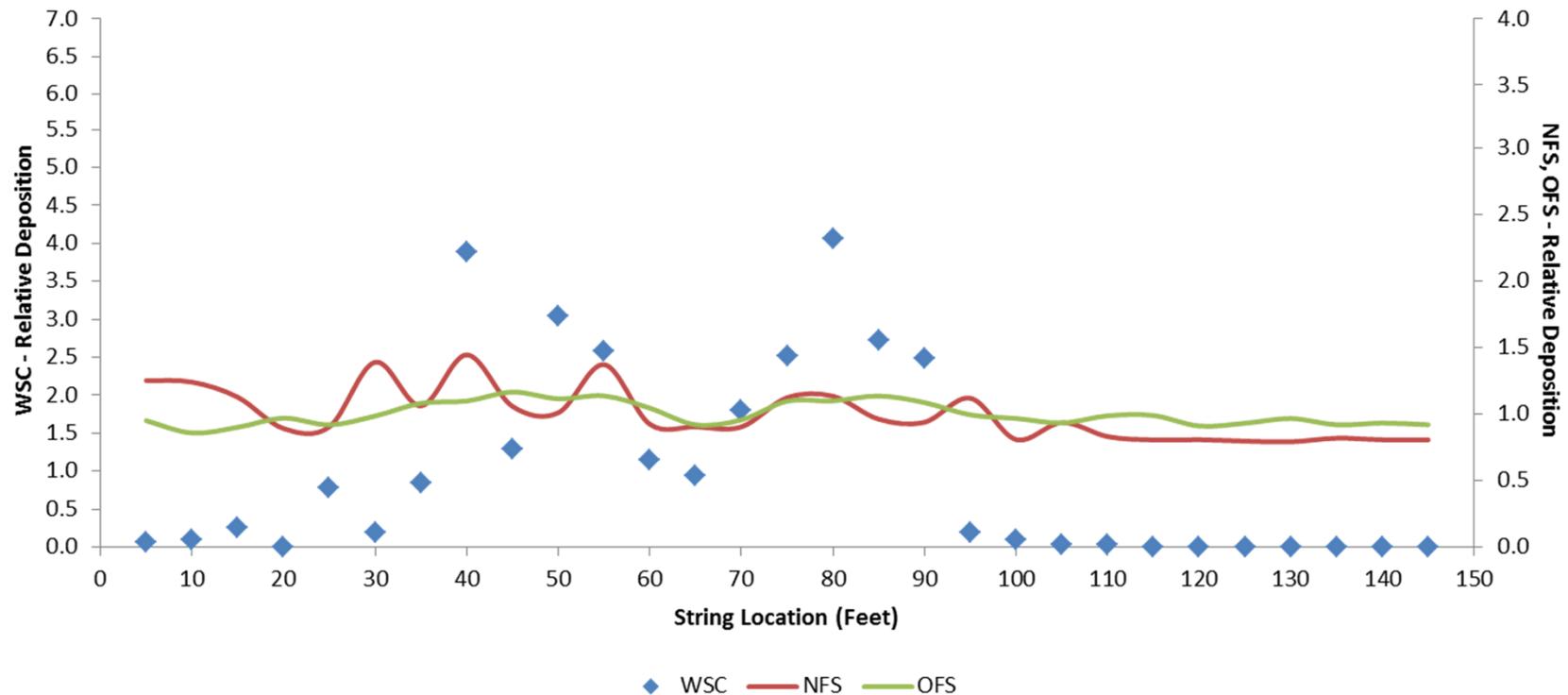
String Analysis

Relative Deposition Comparison of Water sensitive Cards, New Fluorometer System and Old Fluorometer System to String Distance - Trial 1 with 1X Concentration and Standard Nozzle Setup



String Analysis

Relative Deposition Comparison of Water sensitive Cards, New Fluorometer System and Old Fluorometer System to String Distance - Trial 3 with 1X Concentration and Modified Nozzle Setup



Current Status Recap

- Speed Sensor
 - Capture aircraft speed data
 - Stores all data during clinic operation
 - View max value on wireless terminal
- Height Sensor
 - Capture aircraft height information
 - Stores all data during clinic operation
 - View values on wireless terminal
- Weather Station
 - Capture and report
 - Triggered events
 - View information on wireless terminal
- String Analysis System Platform
 - Reuse the existing string reel
 - Motor drive system that allows forward and reverse operations for string
 - Battery operation
 - Modular design

Future goals

- Lower cost weather station
- Universal application for wireless terminal
- Develop software for string analysis interpretation and recommendations

Questions?

